Course reps are dead horses. Stop flogging them

Your course rep system doesn't work, and it never will. Ever.



MONTH 2024

JIM DICKINSON | WONKHE @JIM_DICKINSON |
JIM@WONKHE.COM

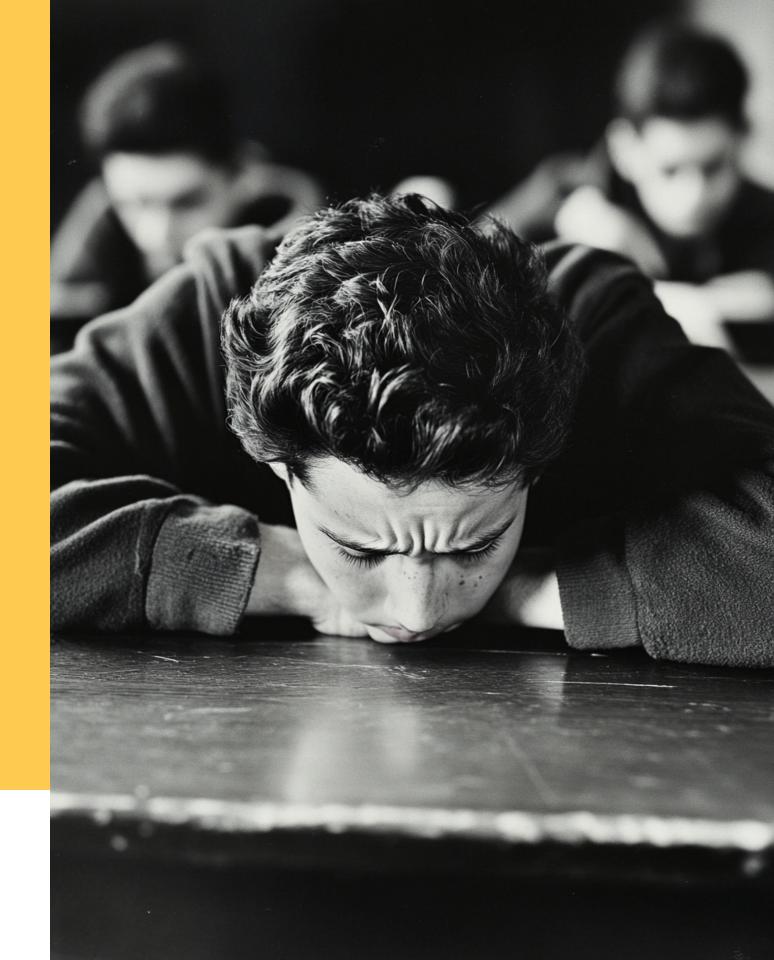


A little history

- Course reps were introduced in the late 70s and early 80s when UK universities operated with typewriters, noticeboards, and fixed line telephones.
- They facilitated communication between students and academics who had considerable autonomy.
- The world has changed with the National Student Surveys, comprehensive data dashboards, mid-module and end-of-module feedback, and social media insights.
- Modern technology allows universities to monitor student engagement and predict outcomes without direct interaction.
- Course rep systems were initially popular, declined in the late 80s, and resurged with the Quality Assurance Agency's influence in the 90s.
- The emphasis on structured systems hindered creativity, prioritizing "systems" over true "partnership" in addressing student experiences.

> < < ^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > <) < (^ > <) < (^ > <) < / >

There's too many of them and not enough of you



The folded arms problem



Other evidence is available



They're not enabled to make judgements



Systems dissipate problems rather than cause action



It's about the university not students



Voice doesn't work for unacceptables



Decisions aren't made at their level



It's not the role they wanted



They're on their own



Meetings are awkward or pointlessly comforting



Decisions aren't made at their level



There's no link to the democratic structures



They don't have the time



They don't know enough people



We persist with electing them



They miss minority issues



They over-focus on minority issues



It's really really boring



They don't change anything



A little history

- Course reps were introduced in the late 70s and early 80s when UK universities operated with typewriters, noticeboards, and fixed line telephones.
- They facilitated communication between students and academics who had considerable autonomy.
- The world has changed with the National Student Surveys, comprehensive data dashboards, mid-module and end-of-module feedback, and social media insights.
- Modern technology allows universities to monitor student engagement and predict outcomes without direct interaction.
- Course rep systems were initially popular, declined in the late 80s, and resurged with the Quality Assurance Agency's influence in the 90s.
- The emphasis on structured systems hindered creativity, prioritizing "systems" over true "partnership" in addressing student experiences.

> < < ^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > < (^ > <) < (^ > <) < (^ > <) < / >

What could be done?

- Groups, groups, groups
 - Identity, priority, support, agenda
- Compulsory module evaluation (inc engagement reflection)

- In the room where decisions are made
- Link back to democratic structures
- Multiple "helpful" roles
- Who wants to be involved?
- Codes, standards and judgements
- Acting on evidence not sources of evidence
- Loop closure
- Unacceptables OUT
- Clarity over role of curriculum
- Shared resp over success of a cohort

Blogs and explainers

This one simple trick could change your rep system forever

A round up of student influence, voice and representation policies from our eurotours

The five frames of student representation

There are too many student reps in this country. And also not enough

Yes but what do students think?

#SUFutures – Course reps were the future once

This new model could be great for course reps wanting to make a difference

Why aren't we giving student reps the data they need?

Student engagement in quality assurance reviews

Ten ways to improve institution-level student representation