UP NEXT @ 15:45 READY, STEADY NO - WHO DO WE THINK THEY ARE?

Jim Dickinson & Michelle Morgan

#SecretLife



Ready, Steady, NO How do students become students?



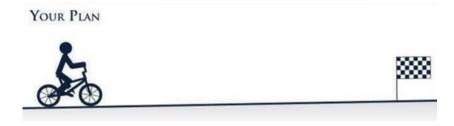
JIM DICKINSON | ASSOCIATE EDITOR | WONKHE

MICHELLE MORGAN | DEAN OF STUDENTS, UEL

JOHN JOE MULHERIN, STUDENT EXPERIENCE MANAGER, UEL



Journey









The year is 1995



"Readiness"

- The admissions system as a generator of "readiness" and "capability"
- Mixed with social homogeneity (at least within providers)
- Academic, social and cultural capital to cope
- Survive to thrive welcome to the deep end!
- What doesn't kill you makes you stronger, etc

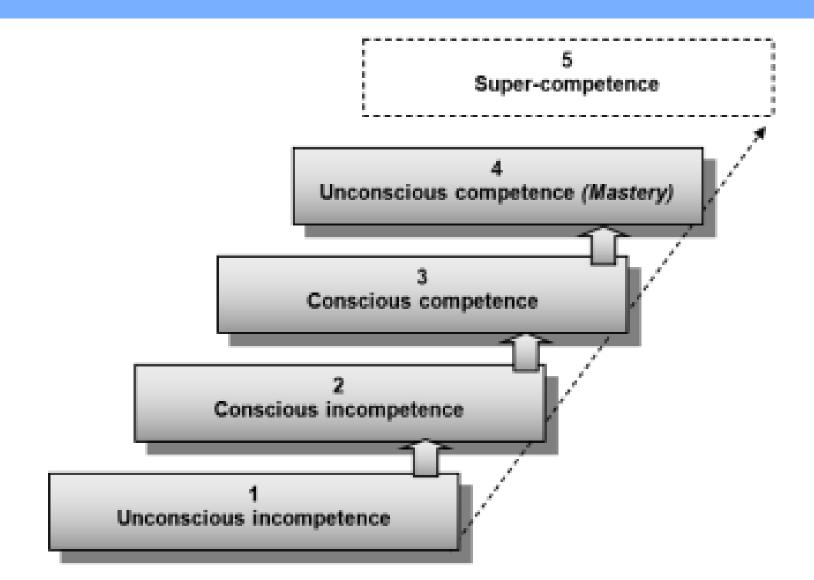


here's how to survive freshers week

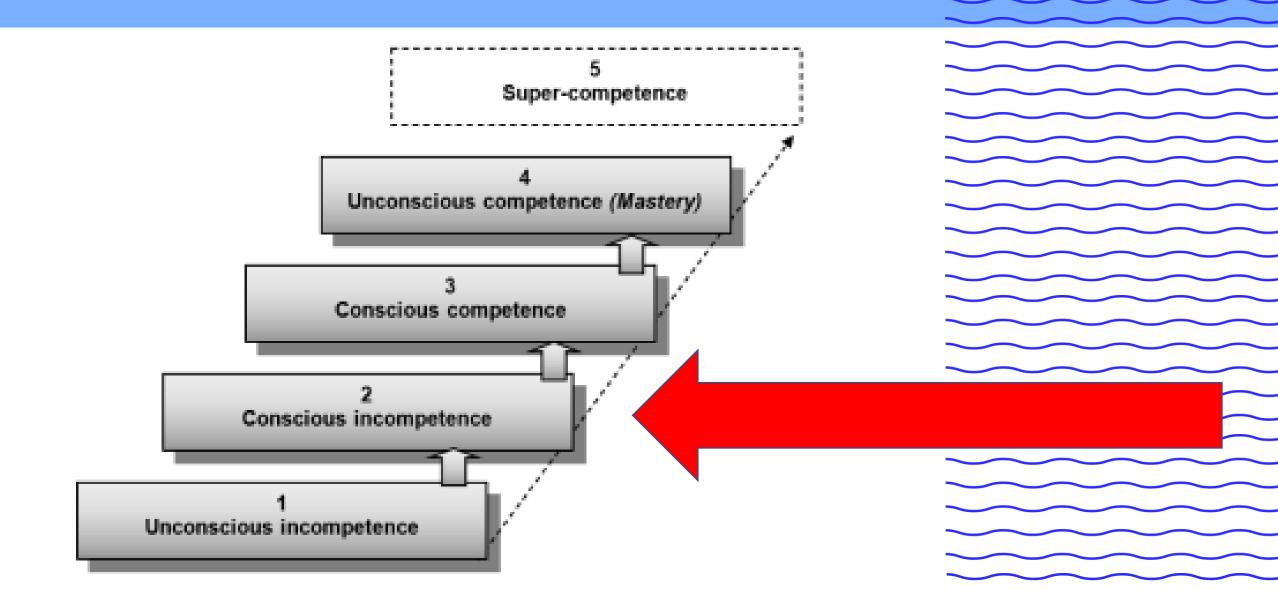
Written by: Ava Patel | Published: 04 Aug 2021 | 5 Min Reading Time



BUT



BUT



Not ready?

- More socially diverse, and more varied in their educational backgrounds.
- Recruited on the basis of potential than achievement, suggesting that we need to help them convert that potential into our frameworks of achievement.
- Environments they enrol into are much more complex than before they're bigger, more impersonal, more expensive and more demanding.



Not ready?

- If not all of them are ready, do we apply "fixes" before they arrive?
- Are there fixes that we apply "on arrival"?
- Are both of those approaches hopeless, too universal?
- If we knew what (who) we were getting, we could adapt
- If they knew what they needed to do to become a student, they could adapt



How does HE get ready?

- Those engaged in teaching tend to refine and review their materials and plans to make them more up to date, and to respond to feedback.
- Those engaged in service delivery tend to refine and review their plans to tweak to make them more smooth/efficient and to respond to feedback.
- There's little evidence that there's a response to who's coming outside of megatrends and "village people" characteristics cliches.



If we could find out

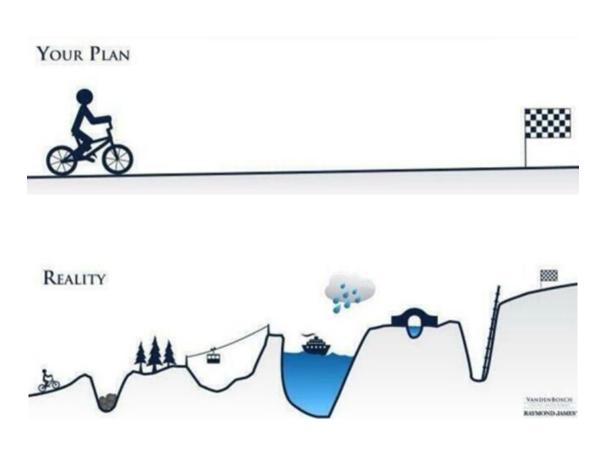
What we might need to know about students, and who needs to know it before they arrive?

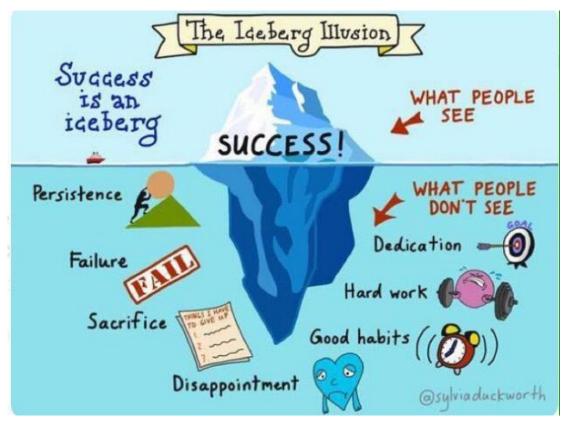
- Results
- https://docs.google.com/document/d/1WFtm2me4AdwZ-

gm6006RzJfpBHq_175FFqo39AwIvCo/editPusp=sharing

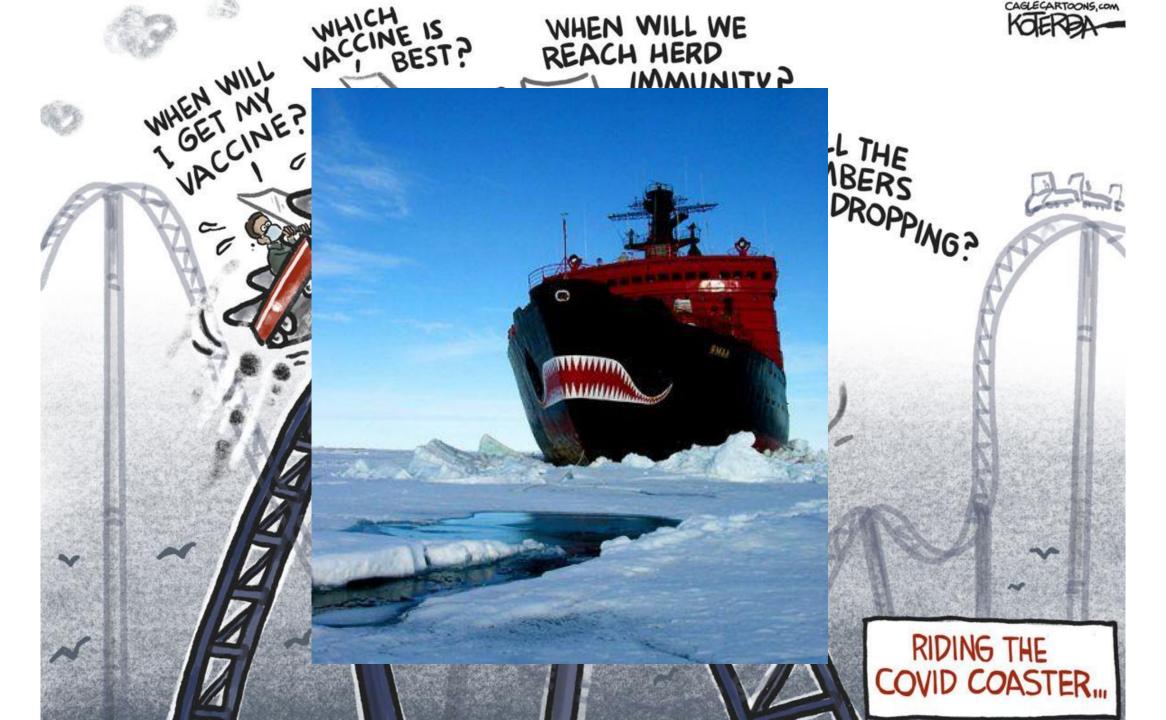
WONKHE

We know journey is never easy!











Impact in 2020/21 in colleges

College Catch-up Funding and Remote Education

AoC Survey and Policy Proposal



April 2021

https://www.aoc.co.uk/sites/default/files/Report%20-%20College%20Catch-up%20Funding%20and%20Remote%20Education%20-%20April%202021.pdf

"The latest data from colleges paints a stark picture of the pandemic's impact on learning for young people and adults. While colleges have worked extremely hard to keep students engaged and motivated about their education, many students, particularly those on vocational courses and on lower level courses have lost out on crucial skills development and training'.

Chief Executive of AoC, David Hughes



Teacher and Advisers Conference findings

Key areas of staff concern

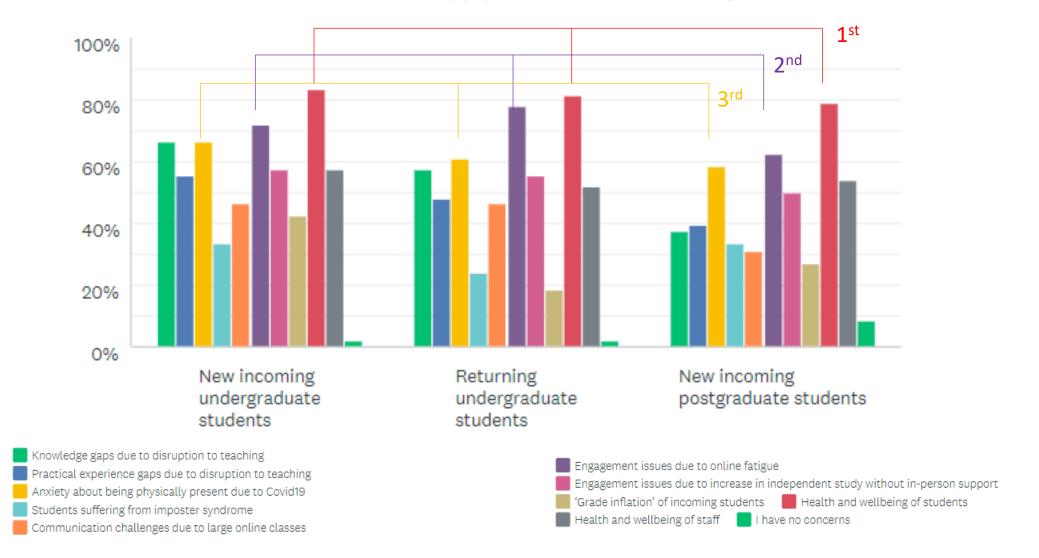
- Lack of engagement/social interaction with peers
- Lack of depth of information
- Gaps in knowledge
- Inability to manage study
- Impact on career path
- Mental health concerns





University staff concerns about student learning due to the pandemic (Pedagogic Conference)

(Please select all that apply for new and returning students)





Main student learning concerns by university staff

New undergraduate students

- 1) Knowledge gaps due to disruption in teaching 23.8%
- 2) Mental health and wellbeing 15.4%
- 3) Engagement issues due to online fatigue 13.6%
- 4) Communication challenges due to large classes online 11.6%
- 5) Anxiety about being physically present due to Covid19 issues 9.6%





New Postgraduate students

- 1) Mental health and wellbeing 23.9%
- Engagement issues due to online fatigue 19.6%
- 3) Practical experience due to disruption to teaching 10.9%
- Anxiety about being physically present due to Covid19 issues 10.9%
- 5) Knowledge gaps due to disruption in teaching 10.9%























Technical/IT issues/concerns this coming academic year by university staff

New students

- 1) Poor/intermittent WIFI 40%
- 2) No idea who to ask for help 18.2%
- 3) No safe/private space 14.5%

Returning students

- 1) Poor/intermittent WIFI 36.3%
- 2) No safe/private space 20.0%
- 3) I have no concerns 12.7%

Staff

- 1) Poor/intermittent WIFI 38.2%
- 2) I have no concerns 36.4%
- 3) No safe/private space 9.2%





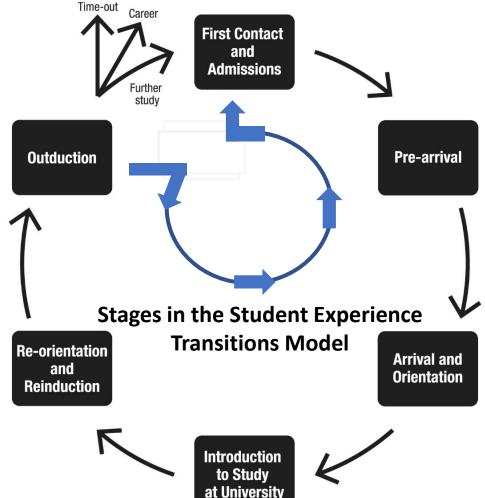






Insights from the Pre-arrival Academic Questionnaire

NSS PTES LEO TEF



Look 'forward' not 'back'

- Previous study qualifications
- Previous study experience
- Motivations and challenges
- University expectations
- Current learning expectations
- Attitudes towards study
- Biographical questions



UG student concerns about starting university

Pre-Covid19 University 1 2019/20

Concern	n=1104
Coping with the level of study	54.4%
Fitting in with new class mates	45.2%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	40.9%
Getting used to moving away from home for the first time	39.3%
Lack of information about how to study at university	36.1%
Getting on with fellow students	33.2%
Concerns about getting into debt	28.4%
Sufficient funding	23.6%

During Covid19 University 2 2020/21

Concern	n=341
Concerns about Covid19 and potential lockdowns	53.5%
Studying online to start with	52.9%
Lack of information about how to study at university	44.2%
Coping with the level of study	37.1%
Fitting in with new class mates	33.0%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	30.4%
Getting used to moving away from home for the first time	26.3%
Concerns about getting into debt	22.2%
Getting on with fellow students	21.9%
Sufficient funding	15.8%



UG student concerns about starting university

University 2 September 2021/22

Concern	n=888
Coping with the level of study	48.0%
Lack of information about how to study at university	38.0%
Mental health and wellbeing	37.0%
Fitting in with new class mates	37.0%
Having to potentially start online	33.6%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	33.0%
Concerns about Covid19 and potential lockdowns	30.8%
Sufficient funding	28.0%
Concerns about knowledge gaps	28.0%

Concern	n=484
Coping with the level of study	53.3%
Mental health and wellbeing	43.4%
Fitting in with new class mates	37.0%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	34.5%
Lack of information about how to study at university	34.0%
Concerns about Covid19 and potential lockdowns	30.8%
Concerns about knowledge gaps	30.2%
Having to potentially start online	25.5%
Sufficient funding	19.5%



University 1 2019/20

UG Confidence levels

	Very confident	Confident	Not confident	Not confident at all	Unsure
Coping with the standard of work	5.0%	58.0%	21.6%	2.7%	12.8%
Getting involved in university life	13.8%	62.2%	17.4%	2.2%	4.4%
Making friends	13.3%	58.7%	18.6%	3.6%	5.8%
Managing money	11.1%	55.9%	21.4%	3.7%	8.0%
Looking for suitable accommodation (note half the sample completed after enrolment)	37.2%	51.0%	5.4%	0.5%	5.9%
Looking after my health and welfare	21.2%	60.0%	12.2%	2.9%	3.7%
Coping with travelling to university	28.5%	58.2%	9.3%	1.0%	2.9%
Coping with balancing life demands and study	8.0%	53.2%	27.4%	2.6%	8.8%

Top 3 areas lacking confidence

Coping with the standard of work

Managing money

Coping with balancing life demands and study

- No notable generational differences
- Females noticeably less confident coping with the standard of work
 - Males 'more confident' looking after their health and welfare.



PGT student concerns about starting university

Pre-Covid19 11 University 2014

Pre-Covid19 University 1 2019

Concern	n=1226	Concern	n=336
Coping with the level of study	44.2%	Coping with the level of study	27.1%
Difficulties in fitting study around existing work commitments	24.1%	Lack of confidence about ability to study	22.9%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	24.0%	Getting on with fellow students	19.3%
Lack of sufficient funding	23.7%	Concerns about getting into debt	16.4%
Concerns about committing more time to study	23.2%	Getting used to living in a new country	16.4%
Concerns about getting into debt	20.5%	Fitting in with the university culture	15.2%
Concerns about increasing my levels of debt	17.3%	Lack of sufficient funding	12.8%
Lack of information about study opportunities	16.2%	Concerns about committing more time to study	12.2%



PGT student concerns about start university

University 2 September 2021

University 3 September 2021

Concern	n=190
Coping with the level of study	42.9%
Lack of information about study at this level	33.2%
Difficulties in fitting study around existing work commitments	26.6%
Concerns about Covid19 and potential lockdowns	23.9%
Having to potentially start online	23.4%
Getting used to living in a new country	19.0%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	17.9%
Fitting in with the university culture	14.1%

Concern	n=171
Coping with the level of study	42.5%
Lack of information about study at this level	37.4%
Difficulties in fitting study around existing work commitments	30.2%
Concerns about Covid19 and potential lockdowns	28.8%
Lack of confidence about ability to study	26.6%
Having to potentially start online	22.3%
Concerns about committing more time to study	20.1%
Having a long commute to attend the course	17.3%



UG Expectation of use of support services

Pre-arrival Academic Questionnaire (PAQ) Expectation of using university services 11 offerings

	S	*
	P	
	O R	X
2	I	27

	Pre-pandemic 2019/20 University 1	During pandemic 2020/21 University 2	After lockdown 2021/22 University 2
Academic	49.0%	41.8%	45.3%
Careers and employability	47.0%	49.1%	34.5%
Sports facilities	46.4%	43.6%	44.7%
Health and wellbeing	43.7%	30.4%	42.4%
Financial advice	28.5%	26.6%	26.0%
IT	-	17.8%	16.9%
Housing advice	11.4%	9.9%	7.7%



Expectation of use of support services

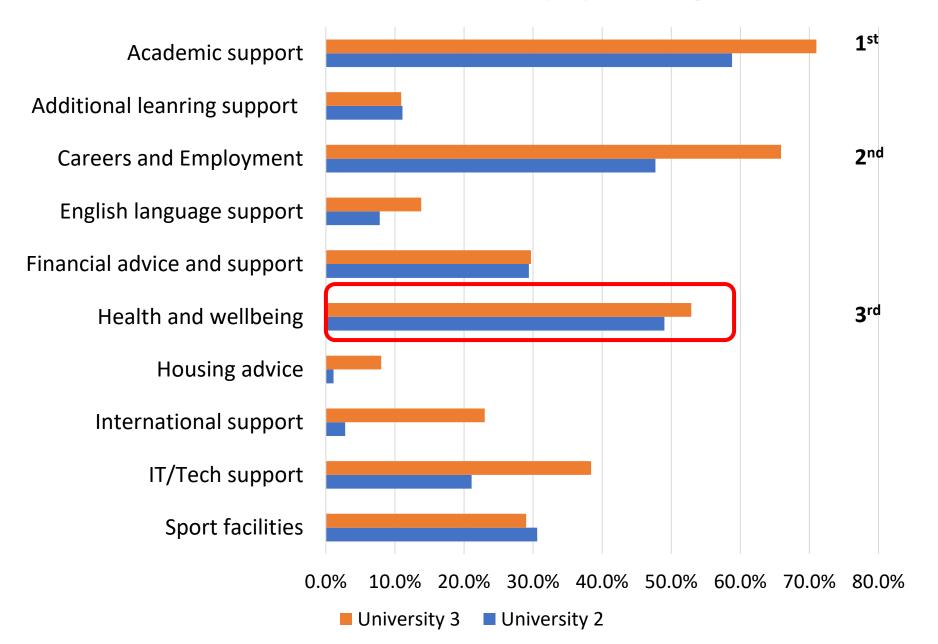
Expectation of using university services 11 offerings

Pre-pandemic 2019/20 University 1 n=1104 During pandemic 2020/21 University 2 n=341 During pandemic 2021/22 University 2 n=888

	F	M	F	M	F	M
	n=655	n=431	n=188	n=153	n=523	n=351
Health and wellbeing	51.7%	31.7%	39.4%	19.6%	49.3%	28.2%
Academic support	54.3%	41.5%	44.6%	38.6%	47.8%	41.3%
Housing	11.7%	11.6%	8.5%	11.1%	6.3%	9.1%
Financial support	30.8%	25.3%	25.0%	28.8%	26.6%	23.6%
Sports facilities	38.6%	59.0%	30.8%	59.5%	31.0%	70.6%
Careers and employment	48.8%	44.7%	52.1%	45.1%	33.6%	38.2%



Expected use of services by postgraduates





Accessing learning material 2019/20 Undergraduate entrants

University 1 2019/20

Access to learning materials by qualification -all sources

Main source of learning material

Type of material	All	A Level n=640	BTEC/ Level 3 n=206
Handwritten notes from classes	82.7%	89.8%	68.7%
A course text book	79.2%	91.3%	52.9 %
Accessing information from electronic sources outside a VLE	55.8%	57.7%	54.4%
Handout of book chapters and information	55.4%	63.4%	38.2%
Information on the school/college VLE	52.9%	49.2%	64.5%
Books in the school/college library	36.9%	35.3%	38.6%

Type of material	A Level n=640	BTEC/ Level 3 n=206
Handwritten notes from classes	26.7%	17.4%
A course text book	51.2%	23.9%
Accessing information from electronic sources outside a VLE	8.1%	23.9%
Handout of book chapters and information	47.7%	3.9%
Information on the school/college VLE	8.0%	20.8%
Books in the school/college library	0.8%	8.1%

http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/library/covid19/Financial concerns and working intentions of incoming Level 4 university students- implications of C19.pdf http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/library/covid19/Bridging the gap between secondary and tertiary education-Morgan 2020.pdf



Understanding the changed landscape 2020/21

https://wonkhe.com/blogs/our-students-will-never-be-normal-again/

Accessing learning materials in previous study University 2 2020/21

54% were not required to continue studying after March lockdown (62.3% A Level and 36.2% BTEC/Lev 3)

Undergraduate	Prior to lockdown All sources	Prior to lockdown <i>Main source</i>	Post lockdown All sources	Post lockdown All sources
Handwritten notes	74.3%	27.6%	64.5%	20.3%
Course handbook	65.3%	27.6%	54.8%	16.5%
Info outside of VLE	54.7%	18.7%	66.1%	24.5%
Handouts from books	45.3%	5.0%	30.6%	4.9%
Info on the school VLE	46.2%	18.5%	79.0%	32.6%
Books in the library	27.8%	2.6%	8.1%	1.2%



UG study expectations

Aggregate sample

Contact hours per week

5-10 31.7% 11-20 31.2%

Independent study hours per week

5-10 26.0% 11-20 41.3%

University 1 2019/20

Hours	Contact hours UK EU OS		Inde	Independent hours		
			OS	UK	EU	OS
1-4	6.2%	11.3%	6.3%	1.7%	1.9%	2.1%
5-10	31.8%	18.9%	45.8%	25.7%	28.3%	29.2%
11-20	31.5%	41.5%	14.6%	41.8%	32.1%	41.7%
21+	2.3%	1.9%	-	12.3%	17.9%	12.5%
Unsure	28.4%	26.4%	33.3%	18.5%	20.8%	14.6%

University 2 2021/22

	Hours	Contact hours		Inde	Independent hours			
		UK EU OS		os	UK	EU	OS	
	1-4	7.1%	25.0%	0.0%	3.7%	12.5%	12.5%	
2	5-10	33.8%	12.5%	25.0%	32.7%	37.5%	29.2%	
	11-20	23.8%	25.0%	33.3%	35.3%	37.5%	29.2%	
	21 +	4.0%	0.0% 12.5%	12.5%	8.6%	0.0%	12.5%	
	Unsure	31.3%	37.5%	29.2%	19.4%	12.5%	16.6%	

Aggregate sample

Contact hours per week

5-10 33.3% 11-20 24.1%

Independent study hours per week

5-10 32.7% 11-20 35.1%

UG study and assessment preferences

	University 1 2019/20 n=1104	University 2 2020/21	University 2 2021/22	University 3 2021/22
I prefer undertaking group based assessments	13.2%	17.0%	10.3%	8.7%
I prefer undertaking individual assessments	34.8%	31.0%	35.6%	37.5%
I prefer exams	2.5%	1.8%	3.1%	1.6%
I prefer a mix of exams and individual/group assessments	42.1%	41.8%	40.8%	41.9%
Unsure	7.0%	8.5%	10.3%	10.3%



Accommodation

University 1 2019/20

Type of accommodation	Male	Female	A-level	BTEC/ Lev 3
Staying at home and attending University	12.8%	22.3%	13.2%	29.9%
Staying local but moving into university accommodation	11.9%	5.9%	9.7%	6.8%
Staying local and moving into private rented accommodation	2.9%	2.2%	1.7%	2.0%
Moving into the area and into university accommodation	64.7%	62.3%	70.4%	54.6%
Moving to the area and into private rented accommodation	7.2%	6.4%	5.1%	6.0%



Accommodation

University 1 2019/20

Type of accommodation	Aggregate	UK n=1003	EU n=53	OS n=48
Staying at home and attending University	19.3%	19.7%	3.8%	8.3%
	213	198	2	4
Staying local but moving into university accommodation	8.2% 91	8.5% 85	5.7% 3	6.3%
Staying local and moving into private rented accommodation	2.4%	2.0%	9.4%	4.2%
	27	2	5	2
Moving into the area and into university accommodation	63.2%	63.8%	60.4%	54.2%
	698	640	32	26
Moving to the area and into private rented accommodation	6.8%	5.5%	18.9%	20.8%
	75	55	10	10
Other	0.8%	0.5%	1.9%	6.3%
	9	5	1	3



Impact on engagement and attainment

Attitudes

other_students_expect_me

teacher notices and cares

i_like_my_classmates

Avery et al., 2019 (B.Avery@kingston.ac.uk)

77% of students who travel

30 minutes or less pass all

their modules on first attempt

17/18

Student characteristics 16/17 What are students reasons for attending class? n=446; all years, all Most important i_am_interested_in_the_course_content courses i_will_fall_behind_if_i_miss_class hearing_helps_me_understand 60% travelling for 49% living at home i_believe_i_should_attend more than an i_want_to_take_my_own_notes Student performance hour 17/18 17/18 being_absent_will_affect_my_grade n=155; first years content_may_be_needed_in_test course_content_is_difficult_so_must_attend 46% of first years i_prefer_getting_course_content_in_class working information about tests or procedures may be said Attendance we_work_on_assignments_in_class 18/19 an_activity_or_quiz_affects_my_grade n=67: first vears one i_want_to_ask_questions course: participation_affects_my_grade id_have_to_catch_up_on_the_class_work the_teacher_is_interesting content_is_not_available_another_way Halls students get grades Students travelling for there_are_bonus_points_for_attendance i_like_participating more than 90 minutes (on 5% higher compared to i_have_to_submit_an_assignment average) get grades 9% those living at home

lower

62% of students pass all on

first attempt if they travel for

90 minutes or more



Least important

Final exercise

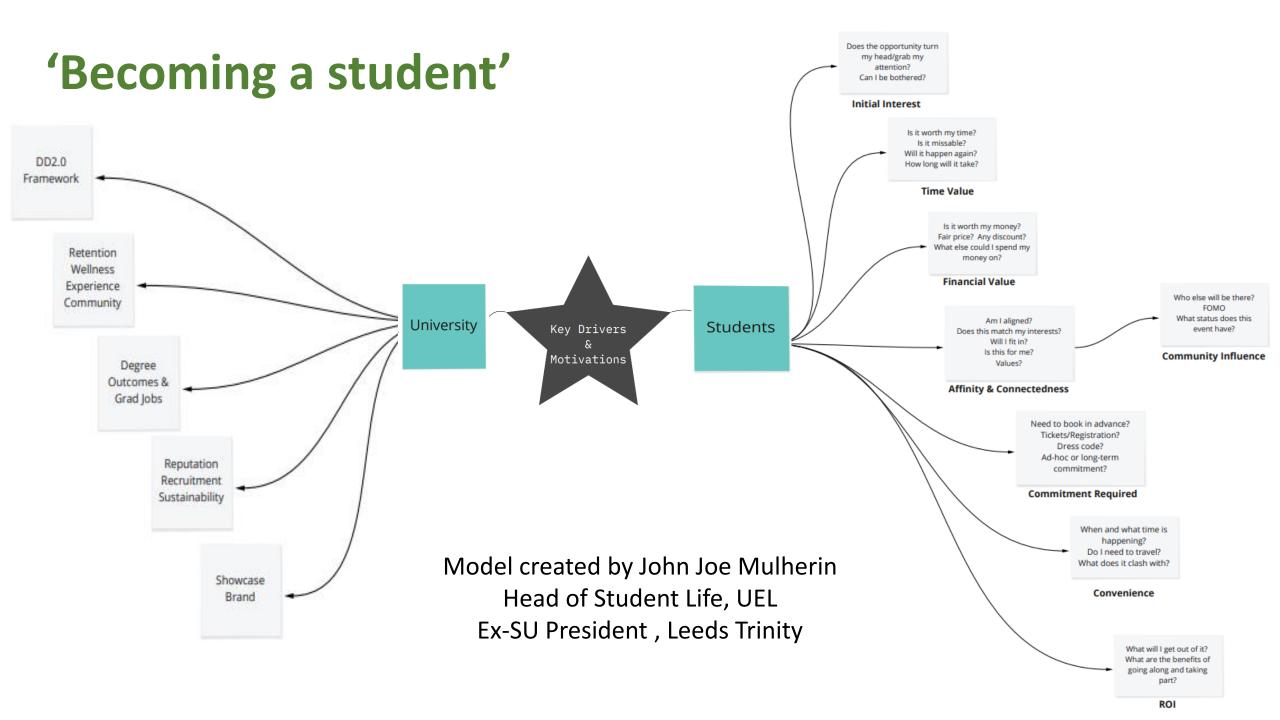
"Becoming a student"

Expectations and engagement are shaped by:

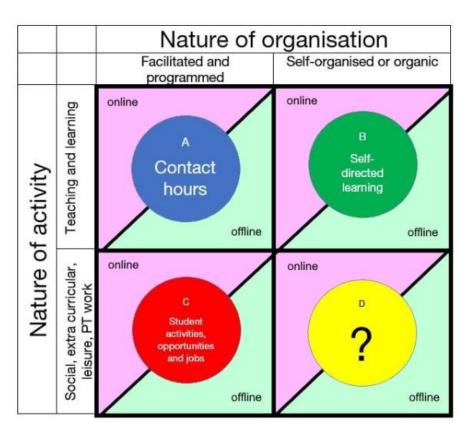
- Previous experiences
- Background
- Personal circumstances

YOU DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU DON'T KNOW

SOCRATES



'Becoming a student' Does the opportunity turn my head/grab my Can I be bothered? **Initial Interest** Is it worth my time? Is it missable? Will it happen again? How long will it take? **Time Value** Is it worth my money? Fair price? Any discount? **Financial Value** Who else will be there? FOMO What status does this Am I aligned? **Students** event have? Does this match my interests? Will I fit in? Is this for me? **Community Influence** Values? **Affinity & Connectedness** Need to book in advance? Tickets/Registration? Ad-hoc or long-term commitment? **Commitment Required** When and what time is happening? Do I need to travel? What does it clash with? Model created by John Joe Mulherin Convenience Head of Student Life, UEL Ex-SU President , Leeds Trinity What will I get out of it? What are the benefits of going along and taking part? ROI



https://wonkhe.com/blogs-sus/what-are-students-going-to-do-with-their-time/?doing wp cron=1594200689.6051518917083740234375

Model created by Jim Dickinson Wonkhe amongst other key roles

Supporting the progression, retention, and success of students

- **Identify the prior learning experiences** of our students, whether new or returning to inform planning and support.
- Recognise how pre-university qualifications were achieved and summatively assessed during this period and bridge any gaps in students' assessment experiences accordingly.
- Provide targeted and scaffolded support to bridge the skill differences for all students.
- Avoid a one-size-fits-all approach to learning and support, acknowledging diverse experiences.
- Avoid overwhelming new and returning students within the first two weeks with excessive information. Returners may feel like new students all over again when they return to campus.
- Build in an effective introduction (for new students) and reinduction (for returners) across the first semester or term on how to practice being effective students at their new level of study.
- Think about the 3 Ts of student information: Type of information needed, appropriate Targeting and Timeliness.
- At all times, remember the importance of compassion for students and colleagues for whom this
 episode has been gruelling and challenging, making allowances for honourable exceptions from time
 to time, while still maintaining standards.



Real stories, real lives, real student role models

Ambassador (International Master's student)

I am a masters student studying Engineering management. I am an international student. I am the first person in my family to go to university. My parents were really supportive in encouraging me to go. I am their only child so they really miss me. I am paying £12K in fees and I got a £2k scholarship. However, I couldn't afford to stay in accommodation close to the university so I went to live with my cousin who lives in Wembley. When I came in September, I had to stay for 10 days in isolation. I had to book a £100 C19 test kit on day 2 and 8. Being in isolation I felt very alone. I regularly called them to make me happy and not lonely. Before this, I had never been to the UK or anyone else. It was exciting but also scary for the first couple of weeks. I didn't know anyone apart from my cousin. I am naturally a shy person when not talking in my first language. I left isolation and went to live with my cousin who is single and lives by himself. I used google to get to the university.



When I got to the uni, I was really confused because I didn't know where to go. I had attended an online welcome week webinar but that really didn't help me with getting to the university. I really struggled with enrolment so went to the Hub who really helped. It took me 1 month to finally fully enrol. I applied to be an ambassador before I even started the course in September. I really wanted to improve my English and get my confidence up speaking in a second language. It has really helped and I have made friends. When I had to come to the UK, I had to arrive within a certain period. The air fares during this period substantially increased so this is money I had to find on top of everything. When I was in Covid19 isolation, I was just thinking about getting through the period and how I would cope. So I had to be careful and take actions to not get sick.



My studies are going well. When I arrived on the first day, I went to the wrong room. So it wasn't the best start. On my course, there are many Indian students so I can socialise easily and make friends. They are living with family near where I live. It is the cheapest way to do it. The challenge is that it takes 1.5 hours to travel to the university from home. As an ambassador, I need to get onto campus at 8am which means I have to be up at 5.30am and on the train by 6.30 to get here in time. I don't like being late and I try to be on time but it isn't always possible. I see the challenges facing other new students so if I can help them in anyway I will. The worry about not fully enrolling, getting the status letter to allow us to get a job and open a bank account in the UK is really stressful. It took 1 month to open a bank account in the UK. And you cant find a job without the status letter. I am really excited to visiting the UK because it is a different atmosphere and environment, I am looking for a new opportunity here. I might stay if I get a good opportunity here.



Resources



FIND SUPPORT ABOUT GET INVOLVED NEWS AND PUBLICATIONS SUPPORT US

Looking after your mental wellbeing

Student Space

The Wellbeing Thesis

Men's Mental Health

Student finance

Transition into university

Support through a family health crisis

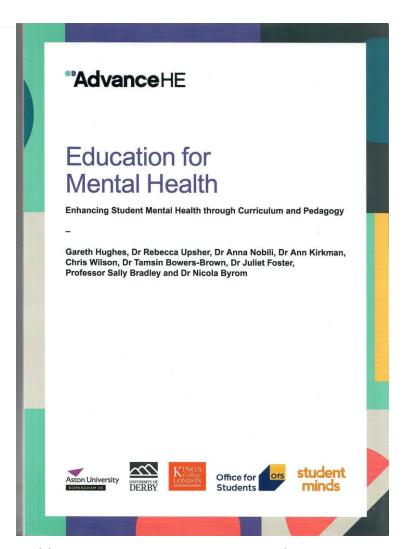
Starting university

Exam stress

Coping with Student Life

LGBTQ+

https://studentspace.org.uk/

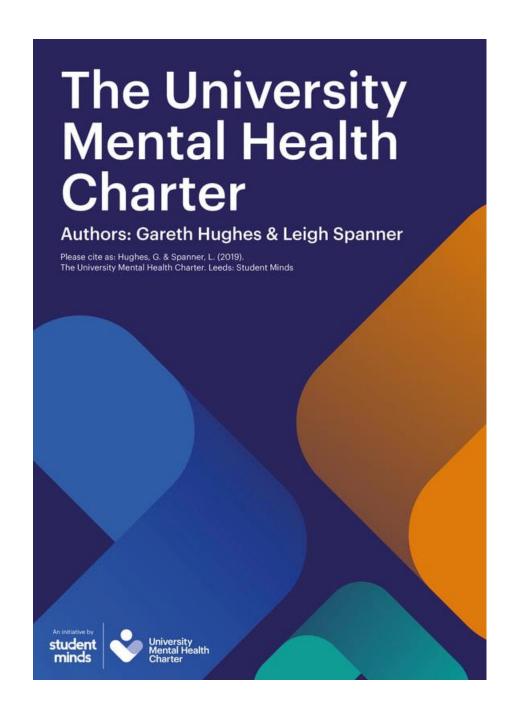




An exceptional transition to higher education: induction of new and returning students during the 'new normal' year

Dr Michelle Morgan

https://www.advance-he.ac.uk/teaching-andlearning/curricula-development/education-mental-healthtoolkit#ToolkitOverview



Domain 1 Learn

Transition into university Learning, teaching and assessment. Progression

Domain 2 Support

Support services Risk External partnerships and pathways. Information sharin.

Domain 3 Work

Staff wellbeing Staff development.

Domain 4 Live

Proactive interventions and a mentally healthy environment. Residential accommodation. Social integration and belonging. Physical environment.

Enabling Themes

Leadership, strategy and policy student voice and participation. Cohesiveness of support across the provider. Inclusivity and intersectional mental health research, innovation and dissemination.



https://sally-brown.net/



http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/



https://library.educause.edu/resources/2021/4/2021educause-horizon-report-teaching-and-learning-edition https://www.alt.ac.uk/communityResources

Resources



https://www.advance-he.ac.uk/



http://www.open.ac.uk/blogs/innovating/







https://phil-race.co.uk/



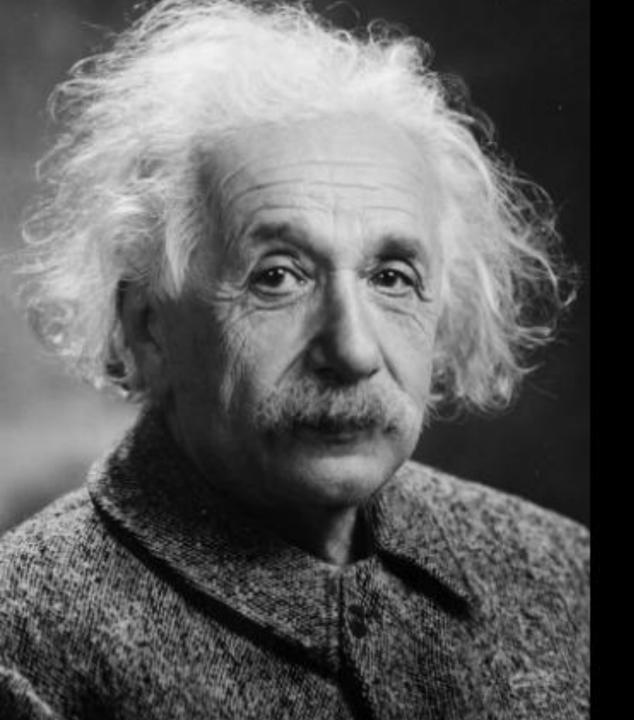
https://www.smarten.org.uk/





https://www.jisc.ac.uk/





We can't solve problems by using the same kind of thinking we used when we created them.

~ Albert Einstein

Thank you for listening Any questions?

Dr Michelle Morgan

mgmorgan8@hotmail.com

Author and Editor of www.improvingthestudentexperience.com

Creator of the Student Experience Transitions Model

Editor and Contributor to Improving the Student Experience-A practical guide for universities and colleges (Routledge, 2012) and Supporting Student

Diversity in Higher Education (Routledge, 2013)

Most recent publications:

Morgan, M. (2020) Financial concerns and working intentions of incoming Level 4 students -The potential implications for applicants and students in 2020/21 due to Covid19.

Available online at: http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/library/covid19/Financial_concerns_and_working_intentions_of_incoming_Level_4_university_students-implications_of_C19.pdf

Morgan, M. (2020 Bridging the gap between secondary and tertiary education. Available online at:

http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/library/UG documents/Bridging the gap between secondary and tertiary education-Morgan 2020.pdf

Morgan, M. (2018) Fostering engagement in higher education of all stakeholders in the delivery of a high quality student experience: PhD by Publication, Bournemouth:

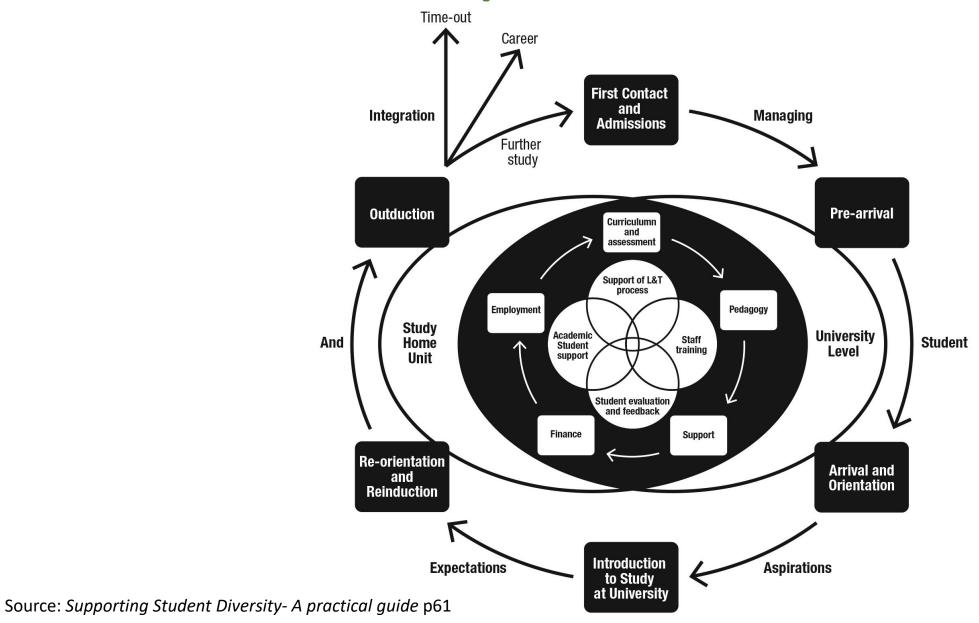
Bournemouth University

Morgan, M. and Direito, I. (2016) Widening and sustaining postgraduate taught (PGT) STEM study in the UK: a collaborative project. Creating change through understanding expectations and attitudes towards PGT study, experiences and post-study outcomes from the perspective of applicants, students, universities and employers.

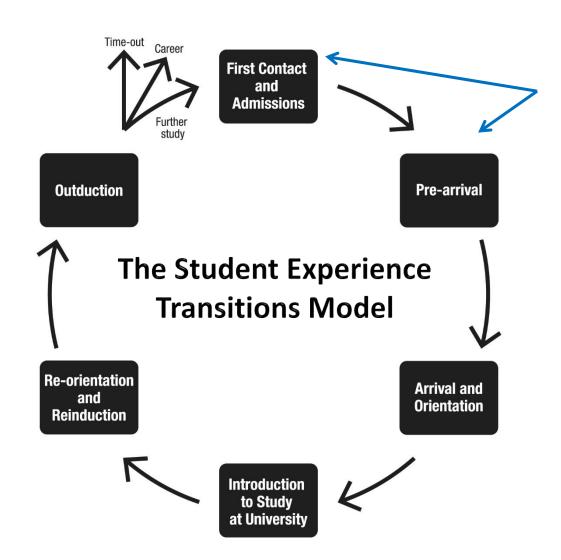
Available at: http://www.improvingthestudentexperience.com/library/PG documents/Postgraduate Experience Report Final.pdf



The Student Experience Transitions Model



What are the key pinch points for an undergraduate student?

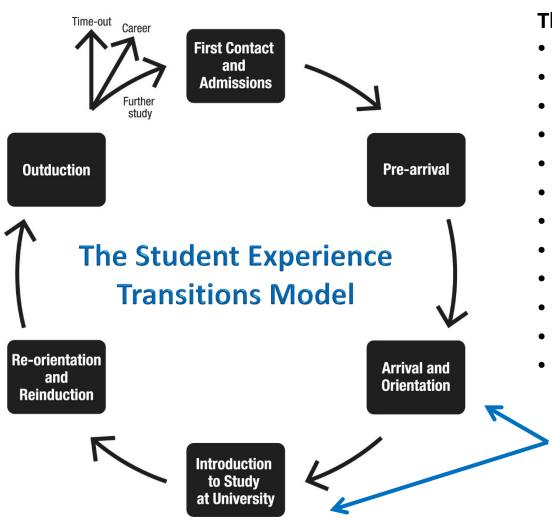


Start preparing

- Unsure what to expect
- Knowing what questions to ask
- Worrying about not fitting in
- Finding accommodation
- Sorting out financial issues
- Undertaking pre-enrolment
- Will applicants want to come in a Covid19 world?
- Will they want to defer?
- Retake pre-entry exams?



Key undergraduate pinch points



The first year

- Learning how to study in HE
- Learning how to live with strangers
- Coping with independence
- Transitions issues- personal, finance, balancing workloads
- Wobble week (3-6)
- First formal feedback
- Placement activity for courses in the first year
- Coming back after the Xmas break
- Exams and results
- Sorting out accommodation for year 2
- Dealing with illness or family illness bereavement
- Managing technology and social relationships online





Key UG study pinch points

Preparing to leave

- Worried about results
- Sense of loss
- Not sure if an in-person graduation will take place
- Issues of moving from a structured, safe place to the unknown
- Loss of direction
- Challenges with the employment market
- Family expectations that a university degree will lead to improved chances
- Uncertainty about how employers will view a Covid19 degree?
- Concern that that teaching wasn't able to cover everything need.

Later years

- Reduction in structured learning and scaffolding
- Increase in independent learning and group assessment
- Mid-term blues
- End of year exhaustion
- Coping with workload and assessment that 'counts'
- University life being different to expectations
- Timing of activities disrupted
- Relationships with fellow students and staff challenged by blended learning
- Anxiety about alternative assessments and the impact on marks
- Impact on placement availability







Outduction

Pre-arrival



The Student Experience
Transitions Model



Re-orientation and Reinduction



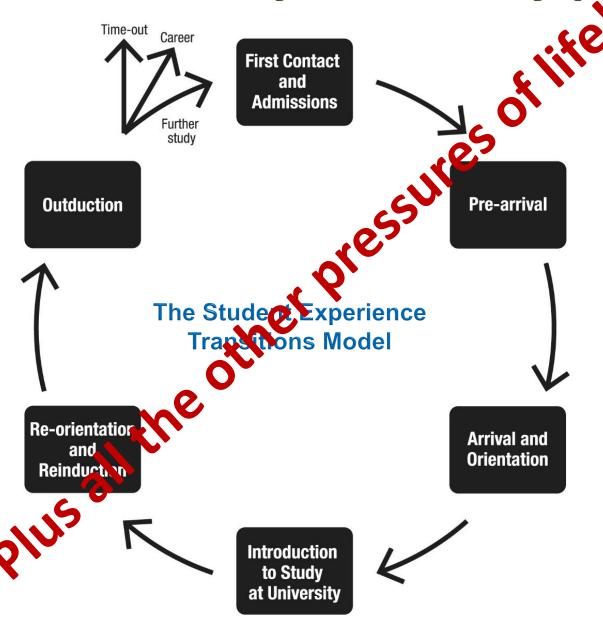








Key UG study pinch points



The student



Students have life pressures

- Work
- Debt worry
- Social media pressures
- Increased expectations

Study is just one!



The staff member





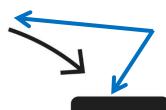
Key PGT study pinch points

Preparing to leave

- Worried about results
- Concern about employment
- Will a PG qualification really make a difference?
- Not sure if an in-person graduation will take place
- Issues of moving from a structured, safe place to the unknown
- Loss of direction
- Challenges with the employment market

Career

First Contact and **Admissions**





Arrival and

Orientation

Start preparing

- Unsure what to expect
- Knowing what questions to ask
- Obtaining funding
- Consideration of value vs cost
- Finding appropriate /affordable accommodation









- Group assessment frustrations
- Transitions issues- personal, finance, balancing workloads
- PGT study being different to expectations
- Timing of activities disrupted
- Relationships with fellow students and staff challenged by blended learning
- Anxiety about alternative assessments and the impact on marks



Outduction





The Student Experience **Transitions Model**

Semester 1

- Learning how to study at PG level
- Transitions issues- personal, finance, balancing workloads
- First assessment at PGT level
- Identifying skill ability and gaps
- Expectations not met
- Realisation of choosing wrong course
- Dealing with illness or family illness bereavement
- Managing technology and social relationships online



Key PGR study pinch points

Completion and preparing to leave

- Worried about the Viva
- Is it good enough?
- Concern about employment
- What next!
- Will a PhD qualification really make a difference?
- Imposter syndrome







- Am I good enough
 - Mode of study
- Funding

Start preparing

- Enthused
- Excited
- Sorting practicalities

Mid cycle

- Writing the thesis
- Loss of focus
- Isolated and lonely
- Struggle/conflict within scholarly community
- Problems in research processes (e.g. ethics)





Re-orientation and Reinduction



Early transition stages

- Overwhelmed
- · Balancing workload
- Accessing your supervisor
- Changes in supervisor
- Isolated and lonely
- Learning the discipline/study discipline







Pre-arrival

Orientation

Initial transitions

- Overwhelmed
- Excited
- Understanding rules of PGR study
- Expectation of supervisor/ student relationship



Staff pinch points

HE not just about knowledge but preparing individuals for work



First Contact and **Admissions** Bridging gaps between school/college and HE Increasing UG and PGT student numbers

Chasing metrics NSS/PTES/DHLE/LEO

Outduction

The Student Experience **Transitions Model**

No 'troughs' anymore, just 'peaks'

Pre-arrival

Increased administration and lack of support

> The student as consumer/rising expectations

> > Increase in OS students

Operating in a global context

Shift to e-Learning-Technology and digital innovation

One size fits all approach

due to pro cess demands





Arrival and Orientation

Semesterisation challenges

Increased QA processes

Expectation of having a teaching qualification/Fellowship of HEA



Obtaining funding for research



Introduction to Study at University



Rising costs and shifting funding

Lack of resources

Feedback issues



Limited time to 'hit the ground walking'

W Proctor



Modes of learning in higher education

Modes of learning in higher education

In-person

Students learn in the classroom, lab, lecture theatre, workshop, studio or other place-based learning space on campus.

Hybrid

Students have some learning online AND also attend in-person synchronous classes.

Online learning may be synchronous or asynchronous.

(Online may be called remote learning or extended campus.)

Distance

Students learning is physically removed from a campus. Usually this is online, but can also incl. physical resources. Learning can be synchronous or asynchronous.

Blended

Students learn in-person on campus through a blend of digital learning activities (using tech) and other place-based class activities. The activities are usually synchronous, but may also include asynchronous pre-class tasks e.g. flipped learning.

HyFlex

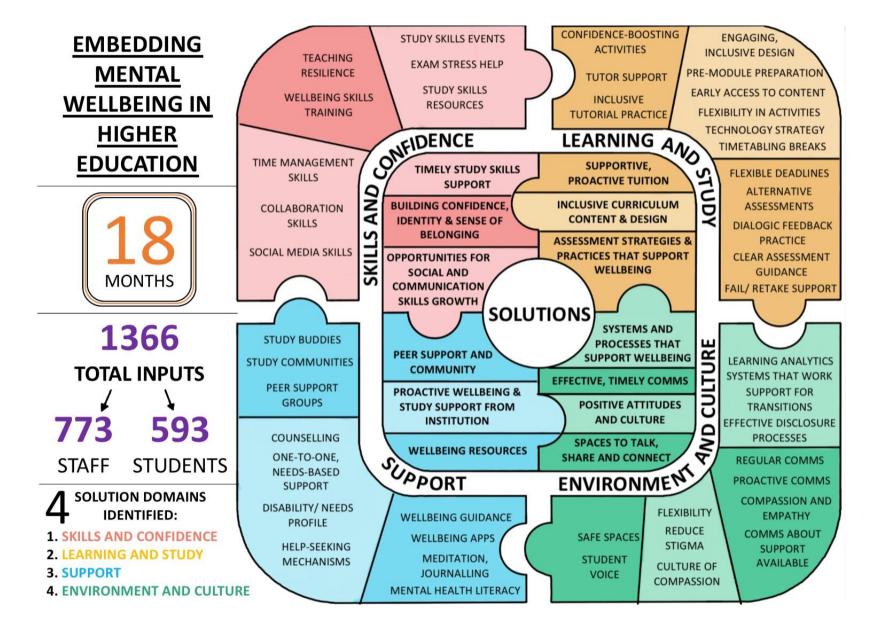
Students have the flexibility to choose to attend in-person or join online. Learning is usually synchronous and both groups learn together at the same time.

A third asynchronous group option to learn may be added.

Self-directed

ALL students engage in additional independent learning activities e.g. class prep, research, wider reading, practise, groupwork, revision, assessment, using feedback, co/extracurricular activities.









The Inclusive Course Design Tool

